# SAFETY DATA SHEET



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# 24-Hour Emergency Number (CHEMTREC)

USA: 800-424-9300 International: 703-527-3887

All non-emergency numbers should be directed to Customer Service at 800-PURITY1

HEPTANE SDS No. M0116

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<u>Product Name</u>: Heptanes, n-Heptane 95%, n-Heptane 96%, n-Heptane 99% <u>Synonyms</u>: n-Heptane; normal Heptane; Dipropyl Methane; Heptyl Hydride

Chemical Formula: CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

<u>Recommended Use</u>: This product is recommended for laboratory and manufacturing use only. It is not recommended for drug, food or household use.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



# Classification:

<u>Flammable Liquids</u>: GHS Category 2 <u>Eye Irritation</u>: GHS Category 2 Skin Irritation: GHS Category 2

Specific Target Organ Exposure, single exposure: GHS Category 3

Aspiration Hazard: GHS Category 1
Acute Aquatic Hazard: GHS Category 1
Chronic Aquatic Hazard: GHS Category 1

#### Label Elements

<u>Signal Word</u>: DANGER! Hazard Statements:

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H320 - Causes eye irritation.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary Statements:

P210 – Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

P243 – Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P273 – Avoid release to the environment.

P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 – If on skin or hair: Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340+P312 – IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313 – If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 – Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Emergency Overview

Breathing vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Cause eye skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Static electrical hazard. Target Organs: Central nervous system, eyes, skin, and lungs.

# HMIS Rating:

Health – 1\* Flammability – 3 Physical Hazard – 0 PPE – User supplied

NOTE: HMIS ratings use a numbering scale that ranges from 0 - 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means the chemical presents no hazard while a value of four indicates a high hazard. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of this chemical under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended to be used in emergency situations. PPE is determined by the user based on their needs and conditions.

#### 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>CAS No</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Hazardous</u>
Heptane	142-82-5	<= 100%	Yes

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

<u>Inhalation</u>: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is labored or with coughing, give 100% supplemental oxygen. If not breathing, begin artificial respiration. Get medical aid.

<u>Ingestion</u>: Aspiration hazard. Get medical aid immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward.

<u>Skin Contact</u>: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

<u>Eye Contact</u>: Check for and remove contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

*Notes to Physician*: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability: Highly flammable liquid and vapor (GHS Category 2)

Auto-ignition Temperature: 204° C (399° F)

Flash Point: -4° C (24° F)

Flammable Limits: Lower Limit – 1.05 vol %, Upper Limit – 6.7 vol %

<u>Products of Combustion</u>: Will decompose into highly toxic and irritating gases (carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) under fire conditions.

<u>Specific Fire Hazards</u>: As in any fire, always wear self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand (MSA/NIOSH approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapors and toxic decomposition products. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Liquid floats on water and may travel to a source of ignition and spread fire.

Specific Explosion Hazards: None

<u>Fire Fighting Media</u>: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Water may be ineffective. <u>Do not</u> use solid streams of water..

National Fire Protective Association: Health - 1, Flammability - 3, Reactivity - 0

NOTE: NFPA ratings use a numbering scale that ranges from 0 - 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means the chemical presents no hazard while a value of four indicates a high hazard. They are for use by emergency personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short term, acute exposure to this product under fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Ratings involve data and interpretations that may vary from company to company.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Absorb spilled liquid with sorbent pads, socks, or other inert material such as vermiculite, sand, or earth. Provide ventilation to the affected area and remove all ignition sources. Avoid run-off into storm sewers and ditches that lead to waterways. Approach the spill from upwind and pick up absorbed material and place it in a suitable container. Use only non-sparking tools and equipment. A vapor suppressing foam may be used. Always use proper personal protective equipment as described in section 8.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<u>Precautions</u>: Always use proper personal protective equipment as described in section 8. Wash thoroughly after handling. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Empty containers contain product residue (liquid and vapor) and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed and away from heat, spark, and flame. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks, or open flames. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. <u>Storage</u>: Keep in a flammables area away from all sources of ignition and oxidizing materials. Keep in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

<u>Engineering Controls</u>: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or using the material should be equipped with eyewash station and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

<u>Personal Protection</u>: Wear protective chemical goggles or appropriate eye protection. Use appropriate protective gloves and protective clothing to prevent skin exposure. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever possible. Always use a NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator when necessary.

Exposure Limits:

ACGIH – 400 ppm TWA; 500 ppm STEL NIOSH – 85 ppm TWA; 350 mg/m³ TWA; 750 ppm IDLH OSHA Final PELs – 500 ppm TWA; 2000 mg/m³ TWA OSHA Vacated PELs – 400 ppm TWA; 1600 mg/m³ TWA

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State and Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid.

Odor: mild gasoline-like odor Odor Threshold: 150 ppm

Molecular Formula: CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)₅CH<sub>3</sub>

Molecular Weight: 100.21

Auto-ignition Temperature: 204° C (399° F)

Flash Point: -4° C (24° F)

Flammable Limits: Lower Limit – 1.05 vol %, Upper Limit – 6.7 vol %

pH: Not available.

Boiling Point: 98° C @ 760 mm Hg Freezing/Melting Point: -91° C

<u>Decomposition Temperature</u>: Not available <u>Specific Gravity</u>: 0.68 g/cm<sup>3</sup> @, 20° C

Vapor Density (Air=1):3.5

<u>Vapor Pressure</u>: 46 mm Hg @ 20° C. <u>Evaporation Rate (Butyl acetate=1):2.8</u>

<u>Viscosit</u>y: Not available. Solubility: Negligible

<u>Conductivity</u>: Nonconductive; Conductivity =  $3x10^{-2}$  pS/m; Dielectric Constant = 2.0; Relaxation Time Constant = ~100

seconds (dissipation)

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Stability</u>: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Ignition sources, excess heat, and confined spaces.

Incompatibility With Various Substances: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon, dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin absorption, skin contact

Acute Exposure Hazards:

<u>INHALATION HAZARD</u>: Inhalation of vapors irritates the respiratory tract. High concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness, and coma.

INGESTION HAZARD: May produce gastrointestinal irritation with abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Aspiration into lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal.

<u>SKIN CONTACT HAZARD</u>: Causes skin irritation. Defatting or dermatitis may result from prolonged or repeated exposure.

**EYE CONTACT HAZARD**: Causes eye irritation.

<u>Chronic Exposure Hazards:</u> Repeated or prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce irritation and dermatitis.

Animal Toxicity:

Inhalation, rat:  $LC50 = 103 \text{ mg/m}^3/4\text{H}$ ;

Carcinogenicity: Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65

<u>Epidemiology</u>: No information found. <u>Teratogenicity</u>: No information found. <u>Reproductive Effects</u>: No information found.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>: No information found. <u>Neurotoxicity</u>: No information found.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Fish: Goldfish: LC50 = 4.0 mg/L, 24H, unspecified Fish: Mosquito fish: LC50 = 4900 mg/L, 24H, unspecified Fish: LC50 = 4900 mg/L, 24H, unspecified, no data available

<u>Environmental Fate</u>: Photolysis and hydrolysis are not expected to be important in soils. Biodegradation may occur in soils; however, volitization and adsorption are expected to be far more important. Based on vapor pressure of 45.8 mm Hg at 25° C, heptane is expected to exist entirely in the vapor phase in ambient air. Direct photolysis of heptane is not expected to be important.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material that cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. Processing use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. Waste generators must decide if discarded material is a hazardous waste. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal definitions found in 40 CFR 261.3. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **US DOT**

Proper Shipping Name: Heptanes

Hazard Class: 3 UN Number: UN1206 Packing Group: II

#### **IMDG**

Proper Shipping Name: Heptanes

Hazard Class: 3 UN Number: UN1206 Packing Group: II

#### IATA

Proper Shipping Name: Heptanes

Hazard Class: 3 UN Number: UN1206 Packing Group: II

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## US Federal Regulations:

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: CAS# 142-82-5 does not have a RQ

SARA Section 302: Does not have a TPQ

SARA Codes: CAS# 142-82-5 – immediate, delayed, fire

Section 313: n-Heptane (CAS# 142-82-5) is not subject to SARA Title III reporting requirements.

OSHA: Not considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

## US State Regulations:

CAS# 142-82-5 is on the following state right-to-know lists: New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts California Prop 65: This product does not contain any chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Originally Prepared: 9/28/2006

Last Revised: 07/22/2019 – Updated hazard statements in Section 2.

The information contained herein is based on current knowledge and experience; no responsibility is accepted that the information is sufficient or correct in all cases. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment.

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